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M. M. BEACH & CO., Gen'l Ag'ts,
294 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.
82 Agents Wanted. vi-41

No. 2486-In the Chancery Court of Memphis. Tennesses-Catherine Cleary, for self and as administratrix, etc., vs. John A. Dickinson et al.

administratics, etc., vs. John A. Distance et al.

It APPEARING FROM AFFIDAVIT IN this cause that the defendant, Juo, A. Dickinson, is a non-resident of the State of Teanessee; it is therefore ordered that he make his appearance herein, at the Counthouse in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in March, 1888, and plend, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be laken for confessed as to him, and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Fursic Ladder.

A copy—Attest:

By R. J. Black, D. C. and M.

HALLUM & WASHINGTON, Selfeture for complainant.

the conversation which took place after the published once a week, for four successive the published once and hard and the published once a week, for four successive the published once a week, for four successive the published once and the published once a week, for four successive the published once a week, for four successive the published once a week, for four successive the published once and the WILL, ON MONDAY, 2iTH INSTANT, on the corner of Jefferson and Front streets, sell to the highest bidder, that valuable Banking House and Lot, on the corner of Jefferson and Front streets, known as the Franklin Instrume Commany's Banking House.

Terms of Sale—One third cash; balance in six and twelve months, with interest; also boad and soud security, and a mortenge on the propery until the parchase mency is paid. I will also sell at the same time and place, that large Fire and Burgiar Proof Sale; also, the counter and fatures and all of the Office Furniture. Sale between 16 s.m. and 12 o'clock m. N. B. The above properly can be bought at private sale if desired.

1. B. B. BERCER. Receiver.

LARGEST CITY CIRCULATION.

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NO. 141,

VOL. V.

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 14, 1868.

their interview on Saturday, it was not the understanding that they were to have another conference on Monday, before final action by the Senate in the case of Mr. Stanton. Gen. Grant replied such was the understanding, but he did not suppose the Senate would act so soon. That on Monday he had been engaged in conference with General Sherman, and occupied with many little matters, and asked if General Sherman had not called on that day. PUBLIC LEDGER. EVERY AFTERNOON, EXCEPT SUNDAY,

on that day.

I take this mode of replying to the request contained in the President's letter because my attention had been called to the subject when the conversation be-

consideration. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, ALEX. W. RANDALL.
To the President.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. | February 6, 1868 Size: I am in receipt of yours of yeaterday, calling my attention to the correspondence between yourself and Gen. Grant, published in the Chronicle, and especially to that part of the said correspondence which refers to the conversation between the President and Goneral Grant at the Cabinet meeting on Tuesday, the 14th of January, and requesting me to state what was said in Tuesday, the 14th of January, and requesting me to state what was said in that conversation. In reply, I submit the following statement. At the Cabinet meeting on Tuesday, January the 14th, General Grant appeared and took his accustomed place at the board. When he had been reached in the order When he had been reached in the order of business, the President asked him as usual if he had anything to present. In reply, the General, after referring to the note which he had that morning addressed to the President, inclosing a copy of a resolution of the Senate, refusing to concur. In his reasons for the suspension of Mr. Stanton, he proceeded to say he regarded his duties as Secretary of War ad interim as terminated by that resolution, and he could not lawfully exercise such duties for a moment after the adoption of the resolution. That resolution reached him last night, and this morning he had gone to the War Department, entered the Secretary's room, bolted one door on the inside, locked the other on the outside, delivered the key to the Adjutant General, and proceeded to the head-quarters of the army and addressed the note above mentioned to the President, informing he had ponger Secre-

inch.

Notices in local column inserted for twenty cents per line for each insertion.

Special Notices inserted for ten cents per line for each insertion.

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33. All letters, whether upon business or thorwise, must be sudressed to Letters of the Cabinet Officers Grant Crawling Out of the quarters of the army and addressed the note above mentioned to the President, informing him he was no longer Secretary ad interim. The President expressed great surprise at the course which General Grant had thought proper to pursue, and addressed himself to the General, proceeded to say, in substance that he had anticipated such action by the Senate, and being very desirous to have the constitutionality of the tenure of office bill tested, and his right to suspend or remove a member of bracing the letters of the Cabinet officers sustaining the President in the issue of veracity between him and Gen. Grant, were sent in with the President's letter, WASHINGTON, February 5, 18:8. }
Sir: The Chronicle of this morning contains the correspondence between right to suspend or remove a member of his Cabinet, decided by the highest ju-dicial tribunal of the country, he had some time ago, and shortly after General the President and Gen. Grant, reported from the War Department. In answer to a resolution of the House, I beg to Grant's appointment as Secretary of War ad interim, asked the General what his call your attention to that correspond-ence, and especially to that part of it which refers to the conversation between action would be in the event the Senate should refuse to concur in the suspension of Mr. Stanton, and the General had the President and General Grant, at the Cabinet meeting on Tuesday, 14th of January, and request you to state what was said in that conversation. then agreed, either to remain at the head | sequent conversation with the General of the War Department till a decision could be obtained from the court, or resign the office into the hands of the President before the case could be acted upon versation with the concernation with Washington, February 5, 1868.

Sir: Your note of this date was handed to me this morning. My recollection of the conversation at the Cabinet meeting on the 14th of January, corresponds with your statement of it in the letter of the 31st ult. In the published correspondence, the points specified in that letter, giving your recollection of the conversation of the conversation was resumed on the preceding Saturday, at which time he asked the General what he intended to do if the Senate should undertake to do if the Senate should undertake to the same construction of the law; but to th ence, the points specified in that letter, giving your recollection of the conversation is correctly stated. Very respectfully,

G. DEON WELLES. the General referred to their former conversation upon the same subject, and said, "You understood my position and my conduct to be conformable to that understanding." That he, Gen. Grant, often expressed his repugnance to being made a party to judicial proceedings, saying he would expose himself to fine and imprisonment by doing so, as his continuing to discharge the duties of Secretary of War ad interim after the Senate should have refused to coucur in the suspension of Mr. Stanton, would be a violation of the tenure of office bill. That in reply to this, the President informed Gen. Grant he had not suspended Mr. Stanton under the tenure of office bill, but by virtue of the power conferred on him by the Constitution; and as to fine and imprisonment, the President would pay whatever imprisonment might be adjudged against him. The General continued the conversation in the had stated to you the legal difficulties which might arise involving fine and imprisonment under the civil tenure bill, and he did not cars to subject himthe General referred to their former con-Siz: I have received your note of the 5th instant, calling my attention to the correspondence between yourself and General Grant, as published in the Chronicle of yesterday, especially to that part of it which relates to what occurred to the Callington who call the Callington of th in the Cabinet meeting on Tuesday, 14th ult., and requesting me to state what was cannot undertake to state the precise language used, but I have no hesitation in saying your account of that conversa-tion as given in your letter to General Grant on 31st ult substantially, in all important particulars, accords with my recollection of it.

With great respect, your obedient servant,

Huga McCullough. With great respect, your obedient servant, Hou McCultough.

To the President.

Postovice Department of February 6, 1898. I star I am in receipt of your letter of the 5th of February, calling my attention to the correspondence published in the Chronicle between the President and Gen. Grant, and especially to that part of it which refers to a conversation and the Cabinet meeting on the 14th of January, with the request that I shall star that I shall star that I have read carefully the correspondence in question, and particularly the letter of the President to Gen. Grant, dated January 31, following the extract from would remain in until they be displaced your letter of the Slat of January, to Gen. Grant. According to my recollection of the Conversation that took place between the President and Gen. Grant at the Conversation that took place between the President and Gen. Grant at the shall state that I have read carefully the correspondence of the conversation that took place between the President and Gen. Grant at the first conversation would have to appeal to the Court; that Mr. Stanton would remain in until they be displaced against him. The General continued the conversation that the General continued the conversation had did not care to subject him for some time, diseassing the law at length, and finally saparated without having reached a definite conclusion, and with the understanding that the General Grant admitted that the impact and mitted that the understanding that the General Grant admitted that the first conversation had occurred, and that the first conversation had occurred, and that the first conversation had occurred and with the understanding that the General Grant admitted that the first conversation had occurred, and that the first conversation to the President, the conversation would not think the civil tenure bill, and he did not care to subject him the civil tenure believed to this remark that you did not think it sum the lift of the president and first on the president and first on the presi

Monday? I do not know what passed between the President and Gen. Grant on Saturday, except as I learned it from the conversation between them at the Cabinet meeting on Tuesday.

The foregoing is substantially what then occurred. The precise words used on the occasion are not of course given on the occasion are not, of course, given exactly in the order in which they were spoken, but the ideas expressed and the facts stated are faithfully preserved, and

I have the honor to be, sir, with great respect, your obedient servant,

O. H. BROWNING. To the President.

WASHINGTON, February 6, 1888.

titled to resume office as Secretary of War, even if the Senate should disap-

prove of his suspension, and you had proposed to have the question tested by judicial process, to be applied to the person who should be the incumbent of the

denying nor as explicitly admitting these statements in form, and to the full extent to which you made them. His admission

Washisotos, February 6, 1cfs, J.
Sin: The meeting to which you refer in yeur letter was a regular Cabinet meeting. While the members were assembling and before the President had entered the Council Chamber, General Grant, on coming into the chamber, stated that he was in attendance not as a member of the Cabinet, but upon invitation; I replied by inquiring whether there was a change in the War Department? After the President had taken his sent business went on in the usual way. When the time came for the Secretary of War the time came for the Secretary of War to speak, Gen. Grant said he was there not as Secretary of War, but on the President's invitation. He had retired not as Secretary of war, but on the President's invitation. He had retired from the War Department. A slight difference then appeared about the supposed invitation. General Grant said the officer who had borne his letter to the President that morning, announcing his retirement from the War Department, had told him the President desired to see him at the Cabinet, to which the President answered that General Grant's communication was delivered to him. The President simply replied he supposed Grant would be very soon at the Cabinet meeting. I regarded the conversation thus began incidental. It went on very informally, and consisted of statements on your part of your views in regard to your understanding of the tenure upon which General Grant had asserted he held the War Department ad finterim, and of his replies by way of answer and explanation. It was respectful and courteous on both sides. This conversation was all formal, as details could only have been presented by verbal occupy his attention.

THE Excelsior factory, in Skowlegan, Maine, was burned on Friday night. Loss \$30.000; insured for \$5000.

DISEASES OF THE EYE.

conversation was all formal, as details could only have been presented by verbal report. So far as I know, no such report was made at the time. I can give only the general effect of the conversation. Certainly you stated that although you reported the reasons for Mr. Stanton's assessment of the South Mr. Stanton's expression of the South Mr. Stanton's expression of the South Mr. Stanton's expression of the South Mr. Stanton of the South Mr. S DR. KEYSER, LATE A PUPIL OF PROF.
bis office at 279 1-2 Main street. He is prepared to treat a I diseases, make all operations,
and physical examinations of the eye. Respectfully refers to the Medical Profession in
the city. Office Hours, Il to 3 o'clock. vi-3 ton's suspension to the Senate, you nev-ertheless held that he would not be en-

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PUBLIC LEDGER NO. 37 UNION STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN.

same position in regard to the War De-partment that you were in while General Grant held it, I did not understand him as

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AND AT

LOWER RATES SHEEN GILES

THAN ALL COMPETITORS.

and he then thought so, and had agreed if he should change his mind, he would notify the President in time to enable him to make another appointment; but at the time of the first conversation he had not looked very closely into the law. It had recently been discussed by the newspapers and this had induced him to examine it more carefully, and he had come to the conclusion that if the Senate should refuse to concur in the suspension of Mr. Stanton he would thereby be received and he (Grant) could con-Our old patrons know and appreciate; the above ffacts, and all we ask of others is together to

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N. CORONNA, Treasurer.

DEPOSITORY, German Nat'l Bank

\$34,500 IN PREMIUMS

NUMBER OF PRIZES, 2

Which amount has recently been effered the Springs and Grounds immediately sur

Summer by thousands of ceakers of health and pleasure, from all quarters of the country. They are within a few atens of the village of Raleigh, in a beautiful valler, and also within a few hundred feet of Wo f river, which wind s around the base of the eminence on which the village of Raleigh is situated, and empties into the 'F there of Weters' at Mamphis. Numerous remarkable cures of various diseases have been experienced by rejourners at this healths inspiring retreat, and the present proprietor. Col. J. M. Coleman, can produce hundreds of certificates of cures in cases which had been entirely given over by medical skill. The ground surrounding the Springs, and in fact the entire village of Raleigh, rises to an eminence of pure air, and is as remarkable for its healthfulne's as beauty of location. The Springs arela five order, never failing, and are designated as follows:

Marble Spring,

Box Spring. Magnolia Spring, Arsenic Spring, Sulphur Spring,

Arsenic Spring,

Sulphur Spring,

Freestone Spring

The place has never been visited by epidemic of any kind, and neculiarly characteristic of its healthfulness is the longovity of the inhabitants. The oldest citizens of Shelby county are residents of Ralvigh.

The Springs are as much resorted to by pleasure scekers as by invalids, owing to beauty of seenery and various artificial as well as natural attractions. Cannected with the Springs are a Pavilion. Ladies' Bowling Alley, Rustic Arbers, Reading Saloon, Gents' Rowling Alley, Saloon, Billiard Room, Gymnasiums, Refreshment Tables, etc., while Walf river affords excellent Boating and Fishins.

The ground accompany no the Springs, in the a over scheme and included in the First Price, is fifteen across in extent, overlooking the valley, and affords, in addition to a magnificent site for a grand hotel and other buildings, splendid facilities for a park, promendes, etc.

An analysis of the several Springs, by distinguished medical men, shows that they are unsurpassed in mineral and curative properties by any in the United States. There is no reason then why Raleish should not become as famous as Santoga, Sharon or Le'ance, and as largely patronized. It needs only capital and enterprise to accomplish this end.

A charter is before the State Legislature for the encorporation of the Springs, and a movement has been inaugurated looking to direct rail communication with Memphis.

For this prize, \$20,000 was recently offered, which was desimed, in order that the above scheme may be fully carried out.

PRIZE No. 2.—The cleant COUNTRY MANSION HOUSE AND LOT \*ESIDENCE\*

Six thousand and seven hundred tickets, representing the certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, and the same number of blanks, including twenty five inneri ed with the names of the premiums, will be placed in another. From these wheels tickets will be drawn at the same time, and the number drawn will take the premium drawn simultaneously.

All moneys received upon the sale of these shares will be placed in the German National Bank of Mempels, and will remain there to the credit of the Americation until the drawing takes place.



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Sustaining the President.

Little End of the Horn.

The following correspondence, em-

Very respectfully yours, ANDREW JOHNSON.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Feb. 6, 1888.

said in the conversation referred to.

Grant. According to my recollection of the conversation that took place between the President and Gen. Grant at the Cabinet meeting on the 14th of January last, in the presence of the Cabinet, the

President asked Gen. Grant whether, in the conversation which took place after

heretofore published:

absequent Insertions.....



between yourself and him if delayed beyond that day. General Grant made another explanation. He was engaged on Sunday with General Sherman, and, I think, also on Monday, in regard to the War Department, with the hope, though he did not say so, in the effort to procure an amicable settlement of the affair of Mr. Stanton, and he still hoped it would be brought about.

be brought about. I have the honor to be, with great re-

spect, your obedient servant, W. H. SEWARD. To the President.

The editor of the New York Tribune is evidently not very sanguine in regard to the Connecticut election. He says:

If New Hampshire shall go right in March, Cosnecticut can hardly fail to follow her in April. If New Hampshire should be twisted around against us, our friends in Connecticut will have the uphill fight thenceforth to the opening of their polls. Their chief misfortune is the apathy or heedlessness of too many of their brethren. The two or three thousand electors who vote only for President may defeat them in the pend-

ing most momentous State election. The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher is just now undergoing a poculiar experience. A few weeks ago he wrote Robert Bonner a private note, in which he confessed being guilty of coveting his neighbor's babies. The letter was published in the New York Ledger, and the result has been that babies from all sections and been that babies from all sections and various points of the compass are prof-fered to the covetous correspondent by dozens; so much so, that he writes to the Ledger, crying, "Hold! enough!" He says now, in suitable language, that he does not propose to adopt children so long as four remarkable grandchildren economy his attention.

The President has asked Charles O'Conor and James T. Brady, of New York, to defend the American Fenians on trial in England and Ireland. No answer to the request has yet been re-

Proprietors of the

Department under your designation as Secretary of War ad interim, in place of Mr. Stanton. You contended it was well understood between yourself and Grant, that when he entered the Department as Secretary ad interim, he expressed his concurrence in the belief that the question of Mr. Stanton's restoration would be a question for the courts. In a sub-

STEAM

JOB PRINTING.

culties which might arise involving fine and imprisonment under the civil tenure bill, and he did not care to subject him-

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Together with the large patronage extends us, renders it in our power to offer induce ments in prices which our competitors carno afford to give, approximately a co-WHITMORE & CO

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F. Y. [ROCKETT, Financial Secretar

CERTIFICATES, 85 EACH

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PRIZE No. 1.—The celebrated RALE IGH MINERAL SPRINGS, situated on the confines of Raleigh, late county seat of Shelby county, Tenn, nine miles northesat of Memphis, and two miles from Wells' station, on the Memphis and Louisville railread. These Springs are six in number, of various mineral and medicinal qualities, and are visited every Summer by thousands of eckers of health and pleasure, from all quarters of the country.

Marble Spring.

PRIZE No. 2.—The clerant COUNTRY MANSION HOUSE AND LOT "ESIDENCE of Cot. J. M. Celeman is with na few yar a of the Springs. The house is in first cleas order, contains ten rocms, and is beautifully embowered in hrubbery. The lot is well teneed and ornamented with fine shade and fruit trees, and affords all necessary outheness, cinterns, etc. It is midway between the village and Spring Valley, on the main promenade. Value, 88000.

ne, \$3000.

PRIZE No. 3.—5NE THOUSAND DOL-LARS IN CASH.

PRIZE No. 4 to 25.—TWENTY TWO COTTAGE LOTS, valued at \$250 each. These lots are a portion of the village of fla eigh, delightfully situated, all fronting on thoroughfare, and will be drawn with the understanding that the winners shall have free access at all times to the Springs and belongings.